What Is Domestic Violence

Domestic violence is a pattern of abusive behavior in any intimate relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over the other partner. Domestic violence can involve physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions. Several types of abusive behaviors may occur together and can continue even after one partner has ended the relationship. Domestic violence is fueled by multiple, intersecting systemic oppressions and disproportionately affects women, girls and individuals who are gender non-conforming.

Domestic Violence in Idaho

- In a single day Idaho 561 adult victims of domestic violence and their children sought safety and services from 21 community and tribe-based domestic violence programs.¹
- Nationally, one in four women will experience domestic violence over her lifetime.²
- In 2018, there were 17 domestic violence related fatalities in Idaho. As of October 1, 2019, there have been 5 domestic violence related fatalities in the state.
- In 2018, the Idaho State Police reported 5,871 incidents of violence between spouses, ex-spouses, and those in dating relationships.³
- The Idaho Crime Victim Needs Assessment highlights the need to develop services for underserved populations, identifying a lack of “services to underserved, vulnerable, and marginalized populations,” as a significant gap and stated that, “the need for and lack of access to services, and culturally sensitive services becomes more important amid survey data indicating that some victims have been denied access to services.”⁴

Join the Movement to End Domestic Violence

Join us. Be a part of the solution. Individuals need to reach out to family members, friends, colleagues, and neighbors who are in abusive relationships and encourage them to get help for themselves and their children. Community-based agencies, health care, educational, and governmental systems need to work more closely together to enhance safety for victims and their children and to create a world where everyone has the ability to thrive and reach their full potential.

Idaho Risk Assessment of Dangerousness

While there is no way to predict an abusive partner’s behavior, the following factors are warning signs of increased dangerousness in the relationship, with lethality factors in red:

1. History of Domestic Violence – **forced sex; strangulation**
2. Prior police contact of offender
3. Threats to Kill Victim or Children by offender
4. Threats of Suicide by offender
5. Separation – **recent separation**
6. Coercive/Controlling Behavior – **extreme possessiveness**
7. Alcohol or Drug Abuse

National Domestic Violence Hotline: 1 (800) 799-7233 / 1(800) 787-3224 (TTY)
Idaho Coalition Against Sexual & Domestic Violence [www.engagingvoices.org](http://www.engagingvoices.org)